



About Burlington Electric Department (BED)

Burlington's municipal electric utility

- Public power since 1905
- 123 employees, including the McNeil Generating Station; 86 are IBEW members
- Third-largest electric utility in Vermont

21,800+ customers

- 17,800 residential, 4,000 commercial and industrial
- 5,500-6,000 residential accounts turn over each year isity factor

Electricity facts:

- Summer peak: ~65 MW; annual energy use: ~330,000 MWH
- 100% of power from renewable generation as of 2014









2030 Vision: Make Burlington a Net Zero Energy city by eliminating fossil fuel usage across electric, thermal, and ground transportation sectors.

- The City Council adopted the Net Zero Roadmap in September 2019.
- Burlington's Net Zero goal is the most ambitious local climate change plan in the nation that BED is aware of, recognized by the Smart Electric Power Alliance as *the* "*first US Net-Zero 2030 plan."*
- All Departments of the City play a role in supporting implementation.
- Synapse Energy Economics updates the Roadmap progress data, drawn from BED, VGS, DMV, and Vermont and Chittenden County travel data.

www.burlingtonelectric.com/nze



Emery Nichols, Ms. Rochman Champlain Elementary





2025 Net Zero Energy Roadmap Update Highlights

- Burlington's greenhouse gas emissions in ground transportation and thermal/buildings sector **down 19% in 2024** relative to 2018 baseline. Emissions in these sectors are **2.8% lower in 2024** than updated 2023 emissions numbers.
- Comparatively, Vermont gasoline/diesel sales were up in 2024, and the State projected no significant change in
 overall thermal/transportation emissions from 2023-2024. U.S. overall emissions change 2023-2024 also projected to
 be flat.
- Burlington seeing fewer vehicle registrations, and higher percentage of EV/PHEV vehicles in fleet with 5.7% of all light duty vehicles registered.
- Reductions driven by thermal/buildings sector, with natural gas consumption in 2024 at its lowest levels since Roadmap tracking started in 2018.





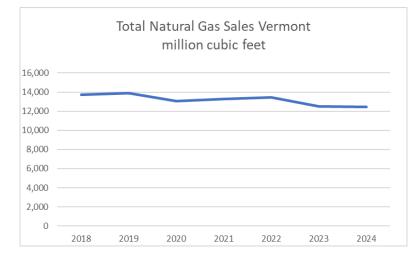






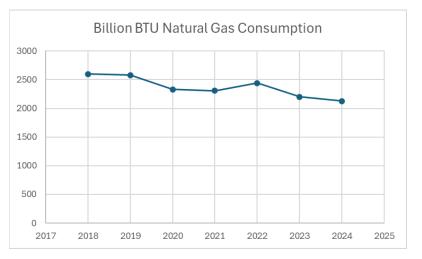
Burlington's progress on thermal sector/buildings is ahead of state pace

Vermont Natural Gas Sales (not weather normalized) 9.4% reduction 2018-2024



Burlington Natural Gas Consumption (including RNG)

(not weather normalized) 18.1% reduction 2018-2024



https://eanvt.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/Thermal-fuels-research-paper-June-20-2024-<u>1.pdf</u> with updated 2024 data included in chart



Burlington's progress on ground transportation is ahead of national pace

Gasoline and Diesel Consumption (billion

009 ()

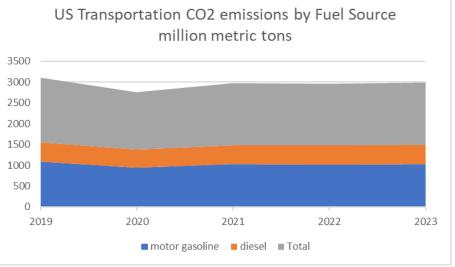
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U.S. Motor Gasoline and Diesel CO₂ Emissions **4% reduction 2019-2023**

Burlington Gasoline & Diesel Consumption 14.8% reduction 2019-2024





2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030

Actual

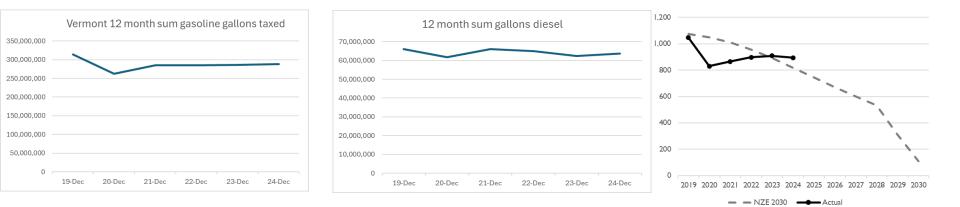
NZE 2030

https://www.eia.gov/environment/emissions/carbon/



Burlington's progress on ground transportation is ahead of state pace

Vermont Gasoline Gallons Taxed Estimated 8% reduction 2019-2024 Vermont Diesel Gallons Taxed Estimated 4% reduction 2019-2024 Burlington Motor Gasoline and Diesel Consumption 14.8% reduction 2019-2024



<u>https://anr.vermont.gov/content/preliminary-emissions-data-2024-show-little-change-2023-levels</u> and December 2024 Gasoline and Diesel gallons taxed JFO -<u>https://lifo.vermont.gov/search/filter/keywords/gallons+taxed</u>





2025 Net Zero Energy Roadmap Update

Challenges and Context -

- Revision to 2023 Synapse updates with most recent available data, and several updates (bus diesel, RNG, VMT) led to revision of initial 2023 numbers. Last year we reported emissions being down 18.2% in 2023, but current data indicates that 2023 represented a 17% reduction compared to 2018 levels.
- Warmer Weather Heating Degree Day declines are a cause of at least a portion of thermal emissions reductions. EAN report attributed warmer weather as reason for approximately 50% of reduction in fossil heating fuel sales statewide https://eanvt.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/Thermal-fuels-research-paper-June-20-2024-1.pdf. However, Burlington is seeing significantly larger natural gas reductions than the statewide percentage. A colder winter season would likely cause some rebound in thermal sector emissions. Important to continue to deploy heat pumps to reduce risk of rebound and reduce use of fossil fuels for heating.
- Vehicle Miles Traveled While vehicle registrations are down in 2024, vehicle miles traveled have rebounded since pandemic (note: 2024 VMT based on statewide numbers; 2023 and prior are Chittenden County).
- Impacts of Carbon Fee Ordinance Impact of carbon fee ordinance only began in 2024; will support continued reductions and help avoid increases in emissions from new construction going forward.
- **Rental Weatherization** Additional progress needed on rental weatherization.
- Federal Uncertainty on federal EV charging grant.







Initiatives to-date that have supported progress -

- Carbon Fee/Rental Weatherization
- BED heat pump, EV, efficiency, and dozens of electrification incentives, with enhanced incentives for income-qualified customers
- State/federal/VGS incentives
- EV charging infrastructure public charging, multi-family buildings, CarShare, home charging
- NZE revenue bond \$20 million investment
- Electrifying City fleet and GMT buses (10% of GMT fleet)
- BED Energy Assistance Program
- VMT reductions remote work; land use planning

For more info see new law journal article - One City's Journey to Net Zero Energy: A Burlington, VT Five-Year Retrospective :

https://drive.google.com/file/d/14CFjWmK9k_TmOmZm5rF43DoM_5YUf7b/view















BED Electrification/Efficiency Rebates To-Date (various program launch dates between 2017 and 2022)

Heat Pumps	2,960
EV/PHEVs	1,038
EV chargers	
 Home chargers 	301
 Workplace chargers 	35
 Multi-family building chargers 	31
E-Bikes	786
E-Buses	7
E-Mowers	801
E-Trimmers	114
E- Leaf Blowers	108
Induction cook stoves	97
E-Chainsaws	26
E snow blowers	35







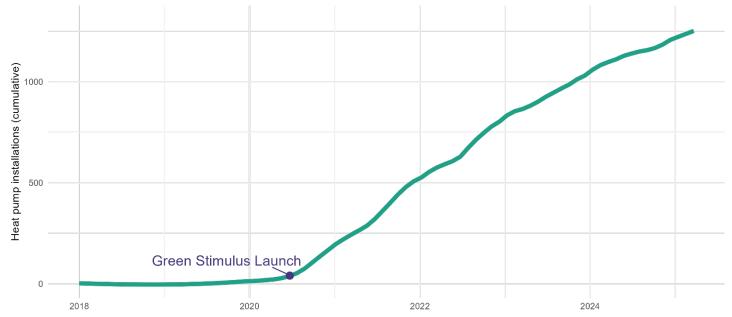




Over 2,900 heat pumps installed in Burlington to-date

Tier 3 incentives increased 30x since launch of Green Stimulus in June 2020

Tier 3 Residential Heat Pump Installations



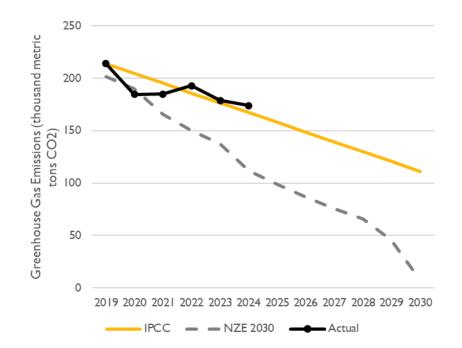


23% of BED's EV/PHEV rebates and **13%** of heat pump rebates have been enhanced rebates available to incomequalified customers, as of early 2025

Improved Accessibility to Tier 3 Programs 200 **Cumulative Rebates** 150 Green Stimulus Launch 100 50 2018 2020 2022 2024



Burlington NZE data compared to IPCC targets 19% reduction in ground transportation/thermal GHG emissions since 2019







Net Zero Energy Next Steps

- New BED programs launched in January, including improved e-bike incentives, and improved enhanced incentives for income-qualified customers for e-mowers and pre-owned EVs
- Continue to expand affordability work including upcoming expansion of Energy Assistance Program
- Heat pump bill credit pilot program supported by U.S. DOE GRIP grant
- Continued investment in public EV charging through revenue bond (3 fast chargers now deployed). Fight for EV charging grant award.
- Inflation Reduction Act incentives/rebates; awaiting income-qualified rebates from State
- Expanded EV residential rate hours
- Mayor's Climate Advisors
- Tracking progress on Carbon Fee Ordinance
- Benchmarking and building efficiency



